

## **REGIONAL COMMITTEE FOR AFRICA**

**ORIGINAL: ENGLISH** 

<u>Sixty-ninth session</u> Brazzaville, Republic of Congo, 19–23 August 2019

## RESOLUTION

## STRATEGIC PLAN TO REDUCE THE DOUBLE BURDEN OF MALNUTRITION IN THE AFRICAN REGION (2019–2025) (Document AFR/RC69/7)

The Regional Committee,

Having examined the document entitled "Strategic plan to reduce the double burden of malnutrition in the African Region (2019–2025)";

Recalling, inter alia, resolution WHA65.6 endorsing the WHO comprehensive implementation plan on maternal, infant and young child nutrition; resolution WHA68.19 endorsing the Outcome of the Second International Conference on Nutrition; resolution WHA69.8 calling for implementation of the UN Decade of Action on Nutrition (2016–2025); resolution WHA69.9 on ending inappropriate promotion of foods for infants and young children; resolution WHA71.9 calling for improved measures to protect and promote appropriate infant and young child feeding; resolution AFR/RC57/R2 on Food Safety and Health; resolution AFR/RC62/R7 on the Brazzaville Declaration on Noncommunicable Diseases; resolution WHA61.14 on the implementation of the Global Strategy for the prevention and control of Noncommunicable Diseases to reduce premature mortality and improve quality of life; resolution WHA71.2 welcoming the outcome document of the WHO Global Conference on the Prevention and Control of Noncommunicable Diseases; decision WHA72(11) confirming the objectives of the WHO Global Action Plan for the prevention and control of noncommunicable diseases 2013-2020 and extending its time frame to 2030 to ensure alignment with the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development; and resolution A/RES/73/2 adopting the Political declaration of the third high-level meeting of the General Assembly on the prevention and control of noncommunicable diseases;

Deeply concerned that despite sustained efforts the prevalence of undernutrition remains high and that overweight and diet-related noncommunicable diseases are increasing in all age groups;

Noting that undernutrition in the early years of life increases the risk of noncommunicable diseases in later life;

Reaffirming the commitments made in the Rome Declaration and Framework for Action of the Second International Conference on Nutrition, the United Nations Decade of Action on Nutrition 2016–2025; and the Sustainable Development Goal 2 to end hunger and all forms of malnutrition by 2030;

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Recognizing that malnutrition has multiple contextual determinants and therefore requires solutions from multiple sectors, notably, agriculture, food security, health, finance, social protection, education, water, environment and trade;

Acknowledging that significant challenges encumber the establishment of the sustainable food systems that are needed to ensure populations' access to adequate, safe and nutritious foods;

1. ADOPTS the "Strategic plan to reduce the double burden of malnutrition in the African Region (2019–2025)",

- 2. URGES Member States to:
- (a) Develop and strengthen national policies, legislation and regulations, monitoring their implementation and applying incentives to promote and protect healthy diets;
- (b) Integrate actions to control the double burden of malnutrition in national development plans and strengthen nutrition-sensitive agriculture and trade policies;
- (c) Establish financing targets and increase sustainable domestic funding for nutrition, honouring the Malabo Declaration and high-level political commitment to end hunger;
- (d) Engage research institutions in evidence-driven policy development and implementation;
- (e) Adapt and implement this strategic plan to fully respond to their context-specific nutrition problems.
- 3. **REQUESTS** the Regional Director to:
- (a) Mount high-level advocacy for increased investment in reducing the double burden of malnutrition;
- (b) Provide technical support to Member States for the development of national policies and programmes to address the double burden of malnutrition;
- (c) Increase support for capacity strengthening for the delivery of nutrition services, programme monitoring and evaluation, surveillance and reporting;
- (d) Facilitate the mobilization of additional resources for the implementation of the Regional Strategic Plan in Member States;
- (e) Support regional research collaboration for solutions to regional malnutrition challenges;
- (f) Report to the Regional Committee in 2023 on the progress made in implementing the regional strategy and its related resolution.