The transition from in-person working methods to virtual and hybrid formats came with serious challenges for young people, while job openings were increasingly rare for young graduates on distancing and other response measures, interpretation trainees could not properly undergo academic internships.

The rationale for an online conference interpreting internship programme

The COVID-19 pandemic. Beyond the disease's devastating effects on the lives, health and livelihoods of millions of people, it also had a major impact on all trades and professions, including conference interpretation.

The Regional Strategy for Community Engagement, 2023–2030 in the WHO African Region was adopted RC 73 on the 31

RC 73 Closes in Gaborone, Botswana

Following 4 days of intense discussions at both the main sessions and side-events of RC 73, Dr

Scaling up health innovations:

The following are some key recommendations that have been endorsed to address important health issues in Africa:

Research for health:

The event was co-hosted by Grace Machel Foundation, Gavi, Unitaid, Global Financing Facility, Bill

A call to re-energise the fight against

Although cervical cancer is a preventable disease it remains a common cause of deaths among women of Botswana. She thanked Minister Dikoloti for his tireless efforts and exemplary leadership.

From member states, Secretariat will finalize and publish on the WHO/AFRO website. He thanked all delegates for their participation and according to him the opportunity to preside over the Regional Committee proceedings.

The Delegates to the Regional Committee (RC73) adopted on August 31 in Gaborone the WHO Fourteen General Program of Work (GPW14) 2025-2025 to promote, provide, and protect health and well-being for people in the WHO African Region. According to him, the GPW14 is a tool to accelerate efforts to achieve UHC.

The Regional Multisectoral Strategy to Promote Health and Well-Being was adopted today by Ministers of Health of the Region are disease-specific strategies with poorly defined mandates, siloed implementation modalities, and a focus on solving technical and operational challenges. The need for a non-disease specific strategy was important to uphold wellbeing because existing multisectoral actions in specific sectors were insufficient to address the current health and representative participation in the RC73. The new strategy seeks to operationalize the fact that health and wellbeing creation requires the contribution of stakeholders beyond the health sector, based on emerging needs, including those from the environmental sector, to ensure wellbeing for people in the region.

The RC73 agreed to develop sustainability plans for innovations, allocate domestic resources to develop platforms, and strengthen research capacity using lessons learned from COVID-19.

African Ministers of Health adapted the WHO 14th General Program of Work (GPW14) 2025-2025 to promote, provide, and protect health and well-being for people in the WHO African Region.

African Health ministers adapt new strategy that

The RC73 endorsed the recommendations to provide sufficient domestic funding for health research, prioritize research interventions, establish and sustain knowledge translation, and use lessons from COVID-19 and practical insights for healthcare provision, delegates endorsed the recommendations to provide sufficient domestic funding for health research, prioritize research interventions, establish and sustain knowledge translation, and use lessons learned from COVID-19 and practical insights for healthcare provision.