

Mpox Incident Management Team Ministry of Health, Kampala, Uganda

Email: info@health.go.ug Hotline: 0800-100-066 Website: www.health.go.ug **Date:** July 1, 2025

National Mpox Situation Report

1 Summary

Total Cases	New Last 24h	Number of Deaths	Case Fatality Rate (%)
7,257	25	44	0.61

Key Points:

- 1. Epidemic remains active. The epidemic remains active and evolving, with varying transmission dynamics across the country. While there is a notable decline in weekly incident cases, sustained transmission is ongoing in identified hotspots. Todate 82% (119/146) of districts resported at least one case since the beginning of the outbreak and 45%(65/146) reporting new cases in the past 21 days.
- 2. Resurgence. Whereas the overall epicurve indicates a general decline in incident cases, there is an observed resurgence in previously high burdened districts especially Wakiso and Masaka City.Case reported in week 26 nearly doubled cases reported in week 24.
- 3. Week-on-week increase. Whereas there was a sustained decrease in the weekly incident cases until week 23, there has been a consistent marginal increase from week 23 to 25, with a notable spike in from week 26.
- 4. High-risk mortality observed. A total of 44 deaths have occurred among confirmed cases, over half (52.3%) of whom were co-infected with HIV, underscoring vulnerabilities in this population. Persons co-infected with HIV had four times higher odds of severe Mpox disease
- 5. Young adults are disproportionately affected. Attack rates are highest among females aged 24–29 (AR: 2.8/100,000). Among males, the most affected agegroup is 35-39 (AR: 3.7/100,000).

Weekly and Cumulative Confirmed Mpox Cases ^{1}					
Year	Epi Week	Weekly Confirmed Cases	Cumulative Confirmed Cases	Percent Change (%)	
2025	18	217	5941	3.79	
2025	19	233	6174	3.92	
2025	20	149	6323	2.41	
2025	21	145	6468	2.29	
2025	22	168	6636	2.60	
2025	23	104	6740	1.57	
2025	24	118	6858	1.75	
2025	25	140	6998	2.04	
2025	26	233	7231	3.33	
2025	27	26	7257	0.36	
¹ This	is data for th	he last 10 Eniweeks % Week-	on-Week Change		

This is data for the last 10 Epiweeks. % Week-on-Week Change

Surveillance and Epidemiology $\mathbf{2}$

Summary Table of Incident Cases by Age and Sex $\mathbf{2.1}$

	Cases by Age Group and Gender Distribution across demographics						
Age Group	Total Cases	% of Cases ⁷	Males	% of All Males ²	Females	% of All Females	
0-4	316	4.6%	179	4.5%	137	4.7%	
5-9	304	4.4%	171	4.3%	133	4.6%	
10-14	196	2.8%	107	2.7%	89	3.1%	
15-19	656	9.5%	313	7.8%	343	11.8%	
20-24	1,152	16.7%	527	13.2%	625	21.5%	
25-29	1,454	21.0%	811	20.3%	643	22.1%	
30-34	1,088	15.7%	659	16.5%	429	14.8%	
35-39	823	11.9%	562	14.0%	261	9.0%	
40-44	478	6.9%	338	8.4%	140	4.8%	
45-49	265	3.8%	196	4.9%	69	2.4%	
50+	177	2.6%	141	3.5%	36	1.2%	
_	6,909 ³	100.0%	4,004	100.0%	2,905	100.0%	

Percentage of all cases within each age group

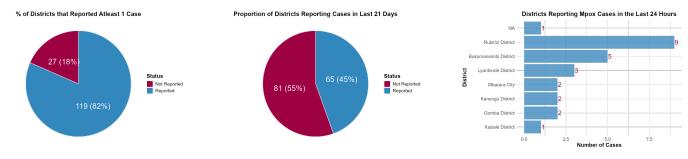
² Percentage of all cases within each gender category

 $^{\scriptscriptstyle 3}$ Total cases less due to some missing age information

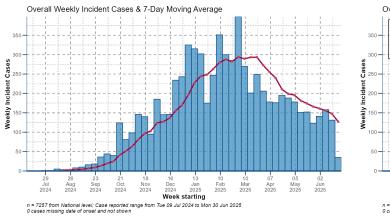
Summary Table of Incident Cases by the Top 10 Districts $\mathbf{2.2}$

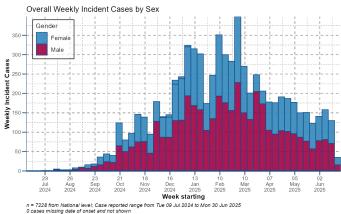
		Тој	o 10 Districts Summary		
District	Total Cases	Total Deaths	Cases Last Epiweek	Deaths Last Epiweek	% Change in Cases
Kampala District	2,649	16	3	0	-80.0%
Wakiso District	865	7	2	0	-88.9%
Mbarara City	629	4	1	0	-90.9%
Masaka City	287	3	6	0	50.0%
Mukono District	264	2	2	0	-60.0%
Hoima City	167	2	6	0	50.0%
yantonde District	133	0	2	0	-60.0%
Nakasongola District	127	1	0	0	NA
Luwero District	108	0	0	0	NA
(yotera District	77	0	0	0	NA

Proprotion of Affected Districts $\mathbf{2.3}$

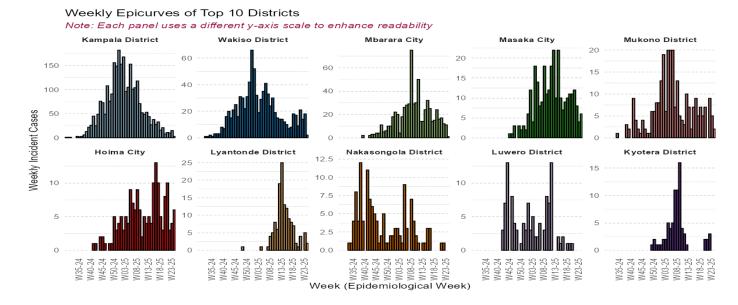


2.4 Overall Distribution of Incident Cases by Time

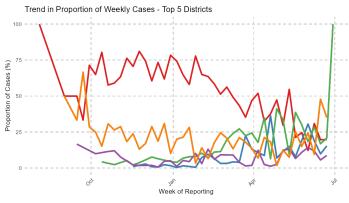




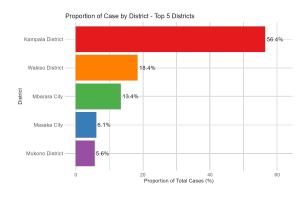
2.5 Epicurves of the Top 10 Districts



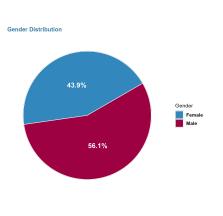
2.6 Overall Distribution of Incident Cases by Time

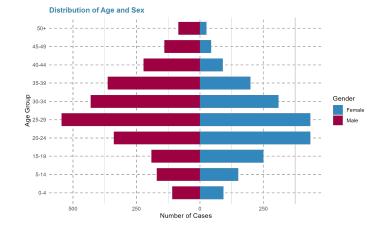


District — Kampala District — Masaka City — Mbarara City — Mukono District — Wakiso District

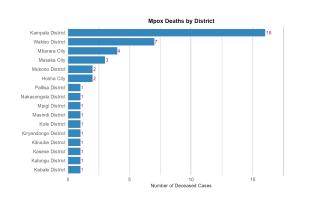


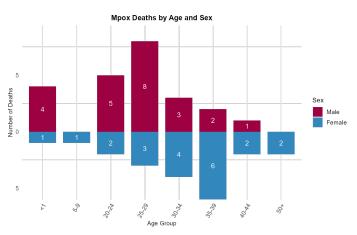
2.7 Overall Distribution of Incident Cases by Age and Sex



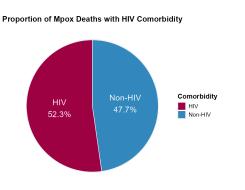


2.8 Overall Distribution of Deaths by Place and Sex - Age

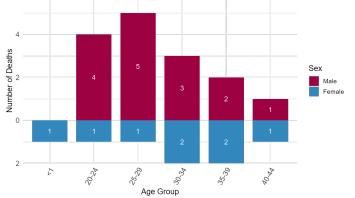




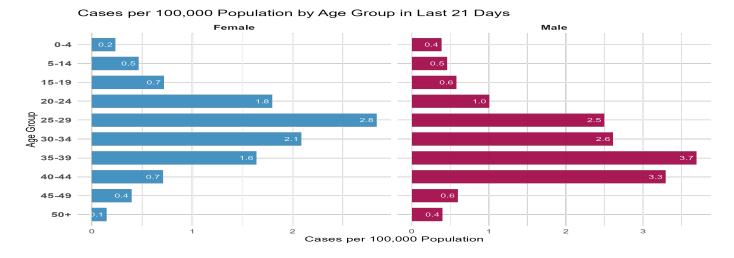
2.9 Distribution of Deaths by HIV Status



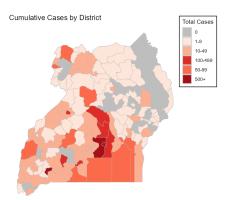
Mpox Deaths by Age and Sex (HIV-related)

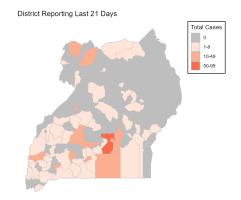


2.10 Overall Attack Rates by Age

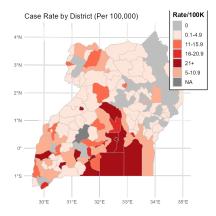


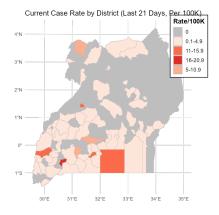
2.11 Distribution of Incident Cases by Place(Absolute Numbers)



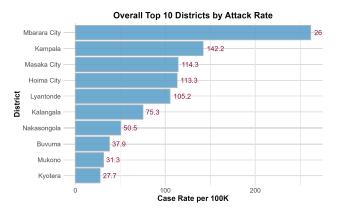


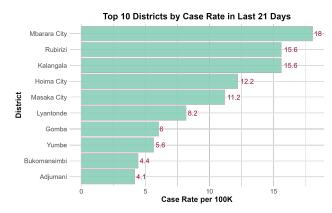
2.12 Attack Rates per 100K Population by Place





2.13 Attack Rates per 100K Population by Place and Top 10 Districts







CASE DEFINITION

COMMUNITY CASE DEFINITION

 An Illness with signs of skin rash, fever, headache, muscle aches, back pain, and body weakness.

SUSPECTED CASE

 Any person with skin rash on any part of the body not expained by any locally relevant common cause of papular or vesicular rash, mucosal lesions or swollen lymph nodes with acute onset of fever (>38.5 °C), hadache, myalgia (muscle pain/body ache), back pain, profound weakness, or fatigue.

PROBABLE CASE

 A suspect case with history of contact to probable or confirmed Mpox case 21 days before the onset of signs pr symptoms

OR

• Has an epidemiological link to a probable or confirmed case of Mpox in the 21 days before symptom onset including multiple and/or casual sexual partners in the 21 days before symptom onset: has a positive test result for orthopoxviral infection (e.g., OPXV-specific PCR without MPXV-specific PCR or sequencing)



CONFIRMED CASE

• A person with laboratory confirmed MPXV infection by detection of Unique sequences of Viral DNA by real-time polymerase chain reaction (RT-PCR) and/or sequence

Contact Us

Twitter: @MinofHealthUG Website: https://health.go.ug/ Talk to Us: 0800-100-066 Write to Us: helpdesk@health.go.ug

