

Mpox Incident Management Team Ministry of Health, Kampala, Uganda

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National Mpox Situation Report

1 Summary

Total Cases	New Last 24h	New Last 24h Number of Deaths Case Fatality Rate	
7,127	24	44	0.62

Key Points:

- 1. **Epidemic remains active.** The epidemic remains active and evolving, with varying transmission dynamics across the country. While there is a notable decline in weekly incident cases, sustained transmission is ongoing in identified hotspots. Todate 82% (119/146) of districts resported at least one case since the beginning of the outbreak and 45%(66/146) reporting new cases in the past 21 days.
- 2. Resurgence. Whereas the overall epicurve indicates a general decline in incident cases, there is an observed resurgence in previously high burdened districts of Mukono, Wakiso and Masaka City.Refer to figure 2.5, page 3.
- 3. Week-on-week increase. Whereas there was a sustained decrease in the weekly incident cases, there has been a consistent marginal increase from week 23 to 26.
- 4. High-risk mortality observed. A total of 44 deaths have occurred among confirmed cases, over half (52.3%) of whom were co-infected with HIV, underscoring vulnerabilities in this population. Persons co-infected with HIV had four times higher odds of severe Mpox disease
- 5. Young adults are disproportionately affected. Attack rates are highest among females aged 24–29 (AR: 2.6/100,000). Among males, the most affected agegroup is 35-39 (AR: 3.3/100,000).

	Weekly and Cumulative Confirmed Mpox Cases ¹						
Year	Epi Week	Weekly Confirmed Cases	Cumulative Confirmed Cases	Percent Change (%)			
2025	17	160	5724	2.88			
2025	18	217	5941	3.79			
2025	19	233	6174	3.92			
2025	20	149	6323	2.41			
2025	21	145	6468	2.29			
2025	22	168	6636	2.60			
2025	23	104	6740	1.57			
2025	24	117	6857	1.74			
2025	25	133	6990	1.94			
2025	26	137	7127	1.96			

¹ This is data for the last 10 Epiweeks. % Week-on-Week Change

2 Surveillance and Epidemiology

2.1 Summary Table of Incident Cases by Age and Sex

Cases by Age Group and Gender

Distribution across demographics

Age Group	Total Cases	% of Cases ¹	Males	% of All Males ²	Females	% of All Females ²
0-4	313	4.6%	176	4.5%	137	4.8%
5-9	301	4.4%	170	4.3%	131	4.6%
10-14	194	2.9%	105	2.7%	89	3.1%
15-19	642	9.5%	304	7.7%	338	11.8%
20-24	1,131	16.7%	519	13.2%	612	21.4%
25-29	1,425	21.0%	795	20.2%	630	22.0%
30-34	1,070	15.8%	648	16.5%	422	14.8%
35-39	811	11.9%	554	14.1%	257	9.0%
40-44	466	6.9%	328	8.3%	138	4.8%
45-49	264	3.9%	195	5.0%	69	2.4%
50+	175	2.6%	140	3.6%	35	1.2%
_	6,792 ³	100.0%	3,934	100.0%	2,858	100.0%

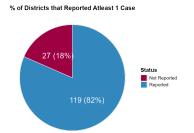
¹ Percentage of all cases within each age group

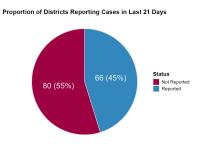
2.2 Summary Table of Incident Cases by the Top 10 Districts

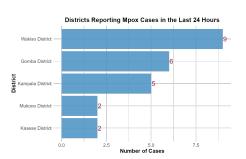
Top 10 Districts Summary					
District	Total Cases	Total Deaths	Cases Last Epiweek	Deaths Last Epiweek	% Change in Cases
Kampala District	2,637	16	2	0	-66.7%
Wakiso District	850	7	2	0	-84.6%
Mbarara City	619	4	0	0	-100.0%
Masaka City	277	3	0	0	-100.0%
Mukono District	258	2	0	0	-100.0%
Hoima City	157	2	0	0	-100.0%
Lyantonde District	130	0	0	0	-100.0%
Nakasongola District	126	1	0	0	NA
Luwero District	108	0	0	0	NA
Kyotera District	76	0	0	0	NA

¹ The percentage change in cases is calculated by comparing the number of cases in the most recent epidemiological week to the previous epidemiological week.

2.3 Proprotion of Affected Districts



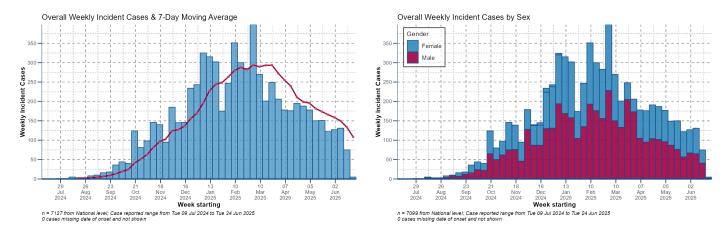




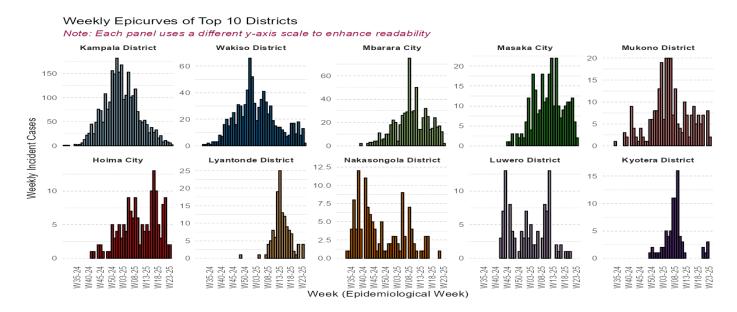
² Percentage of all cases within each gender category

 $^{^{\}mbox{\scriptsize 3}}$ Total cases less due to some missing age information

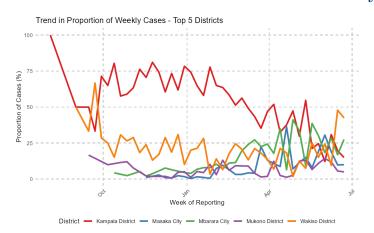
2.4 Overall Distribution of Incident Cases by Time

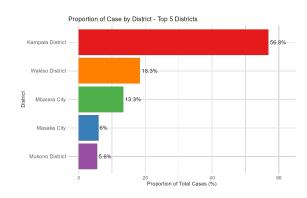


2.5 Epicurves of the Top 10 Districts

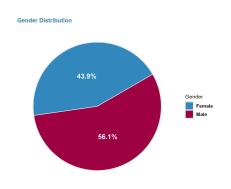


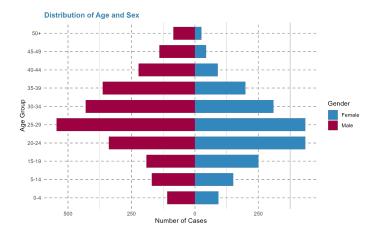
2.6 Overall Distribution of Incident Cases by Time



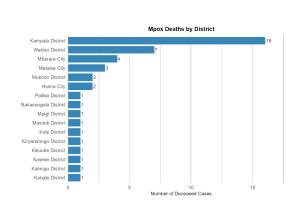


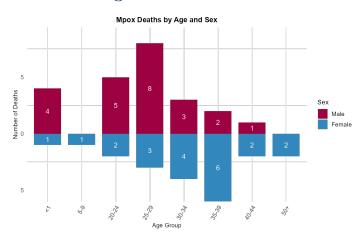
2.7 Overall Distribution of Incident Cases by Age and Sex



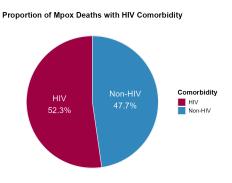


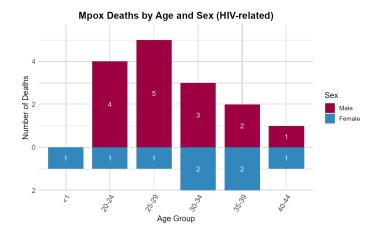
2.8 Overall Distribution of Deaths by Place and Sex - Age





2.9 Distribution of Deaths by HIV Status



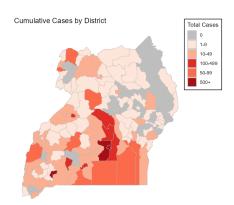


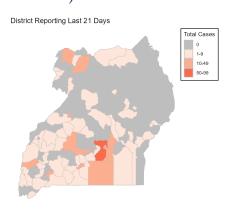
2.10 Overall Attack Rates by Age

Cases per 100,000 Population by Age Group in Last 21 Days

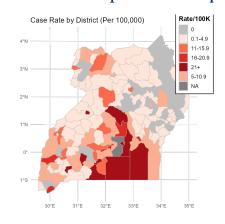


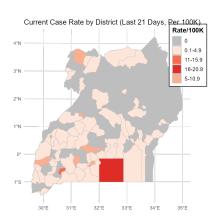
2.11 Distribution of Incident Cases by Place(Absolute Numbers)



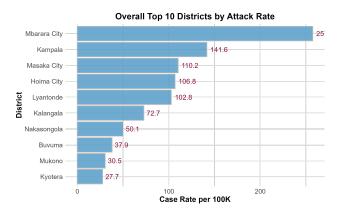


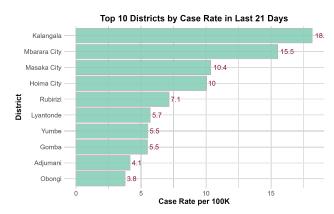
2.12 Attack Rates per 100K Population by Place





2.13 Attack Rates per 100K Population by Place and Top 10 Districts







CASE DEFINITION

COMMUNITY CASE DEFINITION

 An Illness with signs of skin rash, fever, headache, muscle aches, back pain, and body weakness.

SUSPECTED CASE

 Any person with skin rash on any part of the body not expained by any locally relevant common cause of papular or vesicular rash, mucosal lesions or swollen lymph nodes with acute onset of fever (>38.5 °C), hadache, myalgia (muscle pain/body ache), back pain, profound weakness, or fatigue.

PROBABLE CASE

 A suspect case with history of contact to probable or confirmed Mpox case 21 days before the onset of signs pr symptoms

OR

 Has an epidemiological link to a probable or confirmed case of Mpox in the 21 days before symptom onset including multiple and/or casual sexual partners in the 21 days before symptom onset: has a positive test result for orthopoxviral infection (e.g., OPXV-specific PCR without MPXV-specific PCR or sequencing)



CONFIRMED CASE

 A person with laboratory confirmed MPXV infection by detection of Unique sequences of Viral DNA by real-time polymerase chain reaction (RT-PCR) and/or sequence

Contact Us

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