

## **ABORTION HEALTH PROFILE** DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF CONGO 2019



| 1. General Statistics  |  | 2. Legal status of abortion   |   |          |
|--|--|---|---|----------|
| Total population (000/a), 2010   | 86,791   |   | No  | Yes      |
| otal population (000's), 2019  | 00,791   | On request  | ×   |          |
| Total female population (15 - 49 years) (000's), 2019  | 19,351   | For economic or social reasons  | X   |          |
|  |  | In cases of foetal impairment   | ×   |          |
| nintended pregnancies (000's), 2019  | 718  | In cases of incest<br>In cases of intellectual/cognitive disability of the woman  | ×   | ~        |
|  |  | In cases of rape  | ~   | ~        |
| olescent birth rate (per 1000 women aged 15-19 years), 2012  | 138  | To preserve a woman's health  | ×   | •        |
| Proportion of women who make their own informed decisions regarding sexual relations (% of women aged 15-49 years), 2014   |  | To preserve a woman's mental health   |   | ~        |
|  | 74   | To preserve a woman's physical health   |   | ~        |
| Total fertility rate 15-49 (births per woman), 2013  | 7  | To save a woman's life  |   | ~        |
|  |  | Other   |   | ~        |
| 3. Causes of maternal death (2017  | 7)   | 4. Maternal mortality ratio (201  | 0- 2017                                     | )        |
| Maternal deaths aggravated by HIV/AIDS 0.6%  |  | 542 524 514   |   |          |
| Late maternal deaths 0.7%  |  | 500 532 500 4   | 90 491                                      |          |
|  |  |   | 190 481                                     |          |
| Ectopic pregnancy 3.9%   |  | 8 <sup>400</sup>  |   |          |
| aternal obstructed labor and uterine rupture 6.5%  |  |   |   |          |
| Maternal hemorrhage 8.3%   |  | a) 300  |   |          |
| Maternal abortion and miscarriage 10.1%  |  | ₩ and   |   |          |
|  |  | SDG country target 2030 = 140   |   |          |
| Other maternal disorders 10.6%   |  |   |   |          |
| Maternal hypertensive disorders 11.0%  |  |   | 015 2016                                    | 20       |
| aternal sepsis and other maternal infections   | 21.7%  | 5. Annual average rate of red   |   |          |
| Indirect maternal deaths   | 26.6%  | 2010-2017 vs 2010-20  | )30   |          |
|  | 20% 25% 30%  | Current AARR in MMR   | 1.9%  |          |
| % of To  |  | Expected AARR to reach MMR target 2030  |   | 6.       |
| 6. FP indicators and unsafe abortions  | 7 414  |   | Post abo                                    | rtior    |
|  |  |   |   |          |
| averted due to modern contraceptive use  |  |   | cceptan                                     |          |
| 200  | 208 Misoprostol  |   | cceptan                                     |          |
| 190  |  |   |   |          |
| 150 158  | Mifepristone   | ×   | No data                                     |          |
| 130 143  | Missinger  |   |   |          |
| 100 113 119 130  | Misoprostol +  | Mifepristone combination X  |   |          |
|  |  | References  |   |          |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   | 41 data acquired via web   | partment of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division (2019). World Popul<br>site in July 2020; DHS and national surveys compiled in WHO Global Observator   | ry and UNFPA glo                            | bal data |
|  |  | 0; ICF, 2015. The DHS Program STATcompiler. Funded by USAID. Available from   | n: <u>http://www.state</u>                  | compiler |
| 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 20  |  | licy Database ( <u>https://abortion-policies.srhr.org/)</u> accessed in July 2020<br>isease Study 2017 (GBD 2017) Results.Seattle, United States: Institute for Health  | n Metrics and Eva                           | luation  |
| Year   | (IHME), 2018.  | hdx.healthdata.org/gbd-results-tool   |   |          |
|  | 4: Trends in maternal  | mortality 2000 to 2017: estimates by WHO, UNICEF, UNFPA, World Bank Group   | and the United N                            | lations  |
|  |  | Progress Report, most recent national surveys (DHS,PMA2020, MICS,RHS and  | d other national su                         | urveys). |
| Contraceptive prevalence - modern methods (%)  |  |   |   |          |
| Contraceptive prevalence - modern methods (%)<br>Demand satisfied for modern contraception (%)<br>Unmet need for family planning (%)   | 6: From FP2020 2019<br>At: <u>http://progress.fam</u>  | nilyplanning2020.org/resources<br>licy Database ( <u>https://abortion-policies.srhr.org/)</u> accessed in July 2020   |   |          |
| Contraceptive prevalence - modern methods (%)<br>Demand satisfied for modern contraception (%)<br>Unmet need for family planning (%)   | 6: From FP2020 2019<br>At: <u>http://progress.fam</u><br>7: Global Abortion Po   | licy Database (https://abortion-policies.srhr.org/) accessed in July 2020   |   |          |
| Contraceptive prevalence - modern methods (%)<br>Demand satisfied for modern contraception (%)<br>Unmet need for family planning (%)<br>Unsafe abortions averted (000's)   | 6: From FP2020 2019<br>At: <u>http://progress.farr</u><br>7: Global Abortion Po  | licy Database ( <u>https://abortion-policies.srhr.org/)</u> accessed in July 2020 Definitions and abbreviations   | occur during a                              | spec"    |
| Por further information.<br>Performed Health & Agoing (PMH) reference period   | 6: From FP2020 2015<br>At: http://progress.far<br>7: Global Abortion Po  | licy Database ( <u>https://abortion-policies.srhr.org</u> ) accessed in July 2020<br>Definitions and abbreviations<br>dem contraceptive use: Number of unsafe abortions that did not<br>ection provided by modern contraceptive use during the reference  | period.                                     |          |
| Contraceptive prevalence - modern methods (%)<br>Demand satisfied for modern contraception (%)<br>Unmet need for family planning (%)<br>Unsafe abortions averted (000's)<br>For further information:<br>Reproductive Maternal Health & Ageing(RMH)<br>Programme (afrgofrhrwh@who.int), Universal Health<br>using) a modern           | 6: From FP2020 2019<br>At: <u>http://progress.fam</u><br>7: Global Abortion Po<br>ons averted due to mo<br>d as a result of the prot<br>prevalence - Modern<br>n contraceptive method                    | licy Database (https://abortion-policies.srhr.org/) accessed in July 2020<br>Definitions and abbreviations<br>dem contraceptive use: Number of unsafe abortions that did not<br>ection provided by modern contraceptive use during the reference<br>Methods: Percentage of women of reproductive age who are using<br>it a particular point in time | period.<br>g (or whose pa                   | rtner is |
| Contraceptive prevalence - modern methods (%) Demand satisfied for modern contraception (%) Unmet need for family planning (%) Unsafe abortions averted (000's)  For further information: Reproductive Maternal Health & Ageing(RMH) Programme (afrgofrhrwh@who.int), Universal Health Coverage/Life course Cluster  Umsafe abortion | 6: From FP2020 2015<br>At: http://progress.far<br>7: Global Abortion Po<br>ons averted due to mo<br>d as a result of the prot<br>prevalence - Modern<br>n contraceptive method<br>ercentage of fecund we | licy Database ( <u>https://abortion-policies.srhr.org/)</u> accessed in July 2020<br><b>Definitions and abbreviations</b><br>dern contraceptive use: Number of unsafe abortions that did not<br>ection provided by modern contraceptive use during the reference<br>Methods: Percentage of women of reproductive age who are using                  | period.<br>g (or whose pa<br>e having the n | artner i |