

FAMILY PLANNING HEALTH PROFILE **UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA 2019**



General st	atistics		Summary FP statistics					
Total population (000's)	2019	58,005	Demand satisfied (%)	2019	60			
Total fertility rate (births per women)	Null		mCPR (%)	2019	33			
Adolescent Birth Rate (births per 1000 adolescent females)	2014	139	Unintended pregnancies (000's)	2019	1,714			
IMR (deaths per 1000 live births)	2018	38	Unmet need (%)	2019	26			
MMR (deaths per 1000 live births)	2017	524	Unsafe abortions averted (000's)	2019	52			

Key Family Planning Indicators by 5-year Age group (2015)			mCPR by economic status (2015)			Trend of key FP indicators (2012-2019)								
15-19	23	13	39	Lowest	5 19	60						56	58	-60
20-24	23	30	61			50	50	51	52	53	54	50		
25-29	23	36	64	Second	9 29	eg 40							32	
30-34	21	36	68	NA: al all a	9 36	Percentage 05	29 25 	29	29	29 27	29 29	30 28	27	—33 —26
35-39	23	37	66	Middle	530	20	25	26	26	21		20	21	
40-44	24	32	62	Fourth	40 🌖	10								
45-49	15	28	70			0	2	<u>8</u>	4	2	9	_	<u>8</u>	<u>6</u>
	2015	2015	2015	Highest	3 5		2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Unmet ne	Unmet need (%) mCPR (%) Demand satisfied (%)					Unmet r	need (%)		mCPR (9	%)		Deman	d satisfied	1 (%)

mCPR by place of residence (2015)			Facilities stocked out by method				Facilities stocked out by method				
Urban Rural			(2018)				(2018)				
35%	31%		Long-acting	Implant			_ong-acting	Sterilization	†		
Availability of service delivery points (SDP) (2018)		and permanent	IUD			and permanent methods	Sterilization.	ń			
		Short-term	Emergency	No Data	ı -			No Data			
Primary SDPs with at least 3 modern methods			methods	3 ,		٥	Short-term	Condoms	<u> </u>		
				Injectable			methods	Condonic	T		
Secondary/tertiary SDP least 5 modern methods		No Data		Pill		·		Condoms.	Ť		

Definition of Indicators

- 1. mCPR: % of women of reproductive age who are using (or whose partner is using) a modern contraceptive method at a particular point in
- 2. unmet need: % of fecund women of reproductive age who want no more children or to postpone having the next child, but are not using a contraceptive method, plus women who are currently using a traditional method of family planning.

 3. demand satisfied: percentage of women (or their partners) who desire either to have no additional children or to postpone the next child and
- who are currently using a modern contraceptive method.

 4. Unintended pregnancies: Nb of pregnancies that occurred at a time when women (and their partners) either did not want additional children
- or wanted to delay the next birth.
- 5. unsafe abortion: Nb of unsafe abortions that did not occur during a specified reference period as a result of the protection provided by modern contraceptive use during the reference period.
- 6.Facilities stocked out: % of facilities stocked out of each type of contraceptive offered, on the day of assessment. 7. Method availability: % of primary (resp. seconday/tertiary) service delivery points with at least 3 (resp. 5) modern methods of contraception
- 8. Total fertility rate: Average nb of children a hypothetical cohort of women would have at the end of their reproductive period if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates of a given period and if they were not subject to mortality.
- 9. Adolescent birth rate (ABR): Nb of births to adolescent females, aged 15-19 occurring during a given reference period per 1,000 adolescent females.
- Maternal mortality ratio (MMR): Annual nb of female deaths from any cause related to or aggravated by pregnancy or its management per 100 000 live births.
- 11. Infant mortality rate (IMR): probability of dying between birth and age 1 per 1000 live births.

References

Indicators 1 to 7

From FP2020 2019 Progress Report, most recent national surveys (DHS,PMA2020, MICS,RHS and other national surveys).

At: http://progress.familyplanning2020.org/re-

MNCAH Data Portal (UN population division: 2019 estimate)

WHO Global Observatory (DHS,PMA2020, MICS,RHS and other national surveys).

From UN Inter-agency Group for Mortality Estimation (MMEIG), 2016

Indicator 11
From UN Inter-agency Group for Child Mortality (IGME), 2016



