

FAMILY PLANNING HEALTH PROFILE **ESWATINI 2019**



| General statistics | | | | | | Summary FP statistics | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|---|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|-------------------|----------------|----------------------|--|
| Total population (000's) | | 2019 | | 1,148 | Dema | and satisfied (%) | | | 2014 | | 81 | |
| Total fertility rate (births per women) | | 2016 | | 5 | | mCPR (%) | | | | | 66 | |
| Adolescent Birth Rate (births per 1000 adolescent females) | | 2013 | | 87 | | Unintended pregnancies (00 | | | | | | |
| IMR (deaths per 1000 live births) | | 2018 | | 43 | | t need (%) | | 2014 | | 15 | | |
| MMR (deaths per 1000 live births) | | 2017 | 437 | | Unsafe abortions averted (00 | | | | 2019 | | | |
| Key Family F 5-year A | | mCPR by | econom | | | | Trend | end of key FP indicators (2006-2014) | | | | |
| | | 64 | | | | | 8 | 0 | | | | |
| 15-19 25 | 15 | 50 | Lowest | | | 6 0 | 7 | | / | 81 | | |
| 20-24 29 | 42 | 59 | | | | | 6 | 0 63 | | 63 | •66 | |
| 25-29 24 | 51 | 66 | Second | | | ❹ 62 | ege 5 | | | | | |
| 30-34 20 | 55 | 72 | Middle | | | 6 4 | Percentage | 48 | | | | |
| 35-39 26 | 44 | 64 | | | | | 3 | 25 | | | | |
| 40-44 30 | 35 | 53 | Fourth | | | 6 6 | 2 | | | 13 | 15 | |
| 45-49 ₁₈ | 25 | 59 | Highest | | | 72 😏 | | 0 2006 | | 2010 | 2014 | |
| Unmet need (%) | CPR (%) Demand | satisfied (%) | | | | | Unmet | | mCPR (%) | | emand satisfied (%) | |
| mCPR by plac | Facilities | stocked (20 | | | | Facilitie | cilities stocked out by method (2018) | | | | | |
| Urban Rural 73% 62% | | | Long-acting | <u>`</u> | | | | ong-acting | | ilization | 4 | |
| Availability of service delivery point | | | and permanent | - | | | ar | nd perman | ent | | | |
| ์ (SI | • | Short-term | Emerger | ncv | No Data Y | | Short-term methods | | ilization. | No Data | | |
| Primary SDPs with at least 3 modern methods Secondary/tertiary SDPs with at least 5 modern methods | | No Data | methods | Injectabl | | | | | - | idoms | ŧ | |
| | | | | Pill | | | | ctricus | Con | idoms. | ń | |
| | | | | | References | | | | | | | |
| 1. mCPR: % of women of time. 2. unmet need: % of fecur contraceptive method, plu 3. demand satisfied: perce who are currently using a 4. Unintended pregnancie | id women of reproductive a s women who are currently entage of women (or their p modern contraceptive meth | ge who want r using a traditi artners) who d iod. | no more children or onal method of fam lesire either to have | to postpone h ily planning. no additional | aving the r children or | ext child, but ar to postpone the | e not usin e next chile | g a Indicat From r d and (DHS, survey | PMA2020, N s). | national surve | ys other national | |

or wanted to delay the next birth. 5. unsafe abortion: Nb of unsafe abortions that did not occur during a specified reference period as a result of the protection provided by modern contraceptive use during the reference period.

 6.Facilities stocked out: % of facilities stocked out of each type of contraceptive offered, on the day of assessment.
 7. Method availability: % of primary (resp. seconday/tertiary) service delivery points with at least 3 (resp. 5) modern methods of contraception available on day of assessment.

8. Total fertility rate: Average nb of children a hypothetical cohort of women would have at the end of their reproductive period if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates of a given period and if they were not subject to mortality.
9. Adolescent birth rate (ABR): Nb of births to adolescent females, aged 15-19 occurring during a given reference period per 1,000 adolescent

females. 10. Maternal mortality ratio (MMR): Annual nb of female deaths from any cause related to or aggravated by pregnancy or its management per

100 000 live births.

11. Infant mortality rate (IMR): probability of dying between birth and age 1 per 1000 live births.

For further information:

Reproductive Maternal Health & Ageing(RMH) Programme (afrgofrhrwh@who.int), Universal Health Coverage/Life course Cluster

MNCAH Data Portal (UN population division: 2019 estimate)

Indicator 9

WHO Global Observatory (DHS,PMA2020, MICS,RHS and other national surveys).

Indicator 10

From UN Inter-agency Group for Mortality Estimation (MMEIG), 2016

Indicator 11 From UN Inter-agency Group for Child Mortality (IGME), 2016

