

FAMILY PLANNING HEALTH PROFILE COTE D'IVOIRE 2019

General st	atistics		Summary FP statistics					
Total population (000's)	2019	25,717	Demand satisfied (%)	2019	39			
Total fertility rate (births per women)	2012	5	mCPR (%)	2019	21			
Adolescent Birth Rate (births per 1000 adolescent females)	2010	123	Unintended pregnancies (000's)	2019	466			
IMR (deaths per 1000 live births)	2018	59	Unmet need (%)	2019	31			
MMR (deaths per 1000 live births)	2017	617	Unsafe abortions averted (000's)	2019	166			

Key Family Planning Indicators by 5-year Age group (2018)			mCPR by economic status (2018)				Trend of key FP indicators (2001-2017)										
15-19	29	7	20	Lowest	Ð	13			40 35				00	34	36	38	39
20-24	32	18	36						30	32-	32	32	33	32	31	31	 31
25-29	31	21	41	Second	1 1					28-	30					00	
30-34	33	20	38	Middle			20		Percentage 25					18	19	20	—21
35-39	23	32	58	Midule			20			13-	14	15	16				
40-44	25	14	35	Fourth			2	29 🌖	5								
45-49	16	10	40						0	7	5	4	2	91		8	<u>0</u>
Unmet nee	2018 ed (%) mCPR	2018	2018 nand satisfied (%)	Highest			2	29 😜	Unmet n	2012	2013	mCPR (9	2015	2016	Demand	5018	2019

mCPR by place of residence (2018)		Facilities stocked out by method			Facilities stocked out by method (2018)					
Urban Rural 23% 16%		Long-acting	(2018) Implant			Long-acting	Sterilization	†		
Availability of service delivery points (SDP) (2018)		and permanent	IUD			and permanent methods	Sterilization.	†		
Primary SDPs with at least 3		Short-term	Emergency	No [Data			No Data		
modern methods	81%	methods	Injectable			Short-term methods	Condoms	4		
Secondary/tertiary SDPs with at least 5 modern methods	41%		Pill				Condoms.	Ť		

Definition of Indicators

- 1. mCPR: % of women of reproductive age who are using (or whose partner is using) a modern contraceptive method at a particular point in
- 2. unmet need: % of fecund women of reproductive age who want no more children or to postpone having the next child, but are not using a contraceptive method, plus women who are currently using a traditional method of family planning.

 3. demand satisfied: percentage of women (or their partners) who desire either to have no additional children or to postpone the next child and
- who are currently using a modern contraceptive method.

 4. Unintended pregnancies: Nb of pregnancies that occurred at a time when women (and their partners) either did not want additional children
- or wanted to delay the next birth.
- 5. unsafe abortion: Nb of unsafe abortions that did not occur during a specified reference period as a result of the protection provided by modern contraceptive use during the reference period.
- 6.Facilities stocked out: % of facilities stocked out of each type of contraceptive offered, on the day of assessment.

 7. Method availability: % of primary (resp. seconday/tertiary) service delivery points with at least 3 (resp. 5) modern methods of contraception
- 8. Total fertility rate: Average nb of children a hypothetical cohort of women would have at the end of their reproductive period if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates of a given period and if they were not subject to mortality.
- 9. Adolescent birth rate (ABR): Nb of births to adolescent females, aged 15-19 occurring during a given reference period per 1,000 adolescent females.
- Maternal mortality ratio (MMR): Annual nb of female deaths from any cause related to or aggravated by pregnancy or its management per 100 000 live births.
- 11. Infant mortality rate (IMR): probability of dying between birth and age 1 per 1000 live births.

References

Indicators 1 to 7

From FP2020 2019 Progress Report, most recent national surveys (DHS,PMA2020, MICS,RHS and other national surveys).

At: http://progress.familyplanning2020.org/re-

MNCAH Data Portal (UN population division: 2019 estimate)

WHO Global Observatory (DHS,PMA2020, MICS,RHS and other national surveys).

From UN Inter-agency Group for Mortality Estimation (MMEIG), 2016

Indicator 11
From UN Inter-agency Group for Child Mortality (IGME), 2016



