

FAMILY PLANNING HEALTH PROFILE **CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC 2019**



General st		Summary FP statistics					
Total population (000's)	2019	4,745	Demand satisfied (%)	2019	34		
Total fertility rate (births per women)	2019	5	mCPR (%)	2019	15		
Adolescent Birth Rate (births per 1000 adolescent females)	2010	229	Unintended pregnancies (000's)	2019	55		
IMR (deaths per 1000 live births)	2018	84	Unmet need (%)	2019	30		
MMR (deaths per 1000 live births)	2017	829	Unsafe abortions averted (000's)	2019	16		

Key Family Planning Indicators by 5-year Age group (None)	mCPR by	economic	status	s (2010)	Trend of key FP indicators (2012-2019)						
15-19	Lowest	o 6			35 30 31	31 30 27	30	30 30	32 30	33	→34 —30
25-29	Second	9 5			25 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26	28	20				
30-34	Middle	5 8			20 Le roentage 10 10	11 12	12	13	13	14	— 15
35-39 40-44	Fourth		9 15		5	11 ¹²					
45-49 Unmet need (%)	Highest			26 😜	Unmet need (%)	2013 2014 E		2016	Demand	, 2018	2019

Offinet field (70)	Satisfied (70)						_			
mCPR by place of residence (2010)		Facilities stocked out by method (2018)			b	Facilities stocked out by method (2018)				
Urban 22%	Rural 6%	Long-acting and	Implant			5 5	Sterilization			
Availability of service delivery (SDP) (2018)	points		IUD	No Data		and permanent methods	Sterilization.	ń		
, , , , ,		Short-term methods	Emergency			Short-term methods		No Data		
Primary SDPs with at least 3 modern methods	No Data		Injectable				Condoms	†		
Secondary/tertiary SDPs with at least 5 modern methods	INO Dala		Pill				Condoms.	Ť		

Definition of Indicators

- 1. mCPR: % of women of reproductive age who are using (or whose partner is using) a modern contraceptive method at a particular point in
- 2. unmet need: % of fecund women of reproductive age who want no more children or to postpone having the next child, but are not using a contraceptive method, plus women who are currently using a traditional method of family planning.

 3. demand satisfied: percentage of women (or their partners) who desire either to have no additional children or to postpone the next child and
- who are currently using a modern contraceptive method.

 4. Unintended pregnancies: Nb of pregnancies that occurred at a time when women (and their partners) either did not want additional children
- or wanted to delay the next birth.
- 5. unsafe abortion: Nb of unsafe abortions that did not occur during a specified reference period as a result of the protection provided by modern contraceptive use during the reference period.
- 6.Facilities stocked out: % of facilities stocked out of each type of contraceptive offered, on the day of assessment.

 7. Method availability: % of primary (resp. seconday/tertiary) service delivery points with at least 3 (resp. 5) modern methods of contraception
- 8. Total fertility rate: Average nb of children a hypothetical cohort of women would have at the end of their reproductive period if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates of a given period and if they were not subject to mortality.
- 9. Adolescent birth rate (ABR): Nb of births to adolescent females, aged 15-19 occurring during a given reference period per 1,000 adolescent females.
- Maternal mortality ratio (MMR): Annual nb of female deaths from any cause related to or aggravated by pregnancy or its management per 100 000 live births.
- 11. Infant mortality rate (IMR): probability of dying between birth and age 1 per 1000 live births.

References

Indicators 1 to 7

From FP2020 2019 Progress Report, most recent national surveys (DHS,PMA2020, MICS,RHS and other national surveys).

At: http://progress.familyplanning2020.org/re-

MNCAH Data Portal (UN population division: 2019 estimate)

WHO Global Observatory (DHS,PMA2020, MICS,RHS and other national surveys).

From UN Inter-agency Group for Mortality Estimation (MMEIG), 2016

From UN Inter-agency Group for Child Mortality (IGME), 2016



