

Largest urban agglomeration or Capital city: ADDIS ABABA Official language: ENGLISH Surface area (square kms): 1104300 Population density (per square km): 70

	DEMOGRAPHIC AND SOC	CIOECONOMICS STA	TISTICS *	YEARS	ETHIOPIA	WHO AFRICAN REGION
	number		(000)	2005	77 431	738 083
Population	annual growth rate		(%)	1995–2004	2,3	2,2
	in urban		(%)	2005	16	38
Total fertility rate (p	per woman)			2004	5,7	5,3
Adolescent fertility	proportion		(%)	1998	9,4	11,7
Adult literacy rate			(%)	2000-2004	41,5	60,1
Net primary school	enrolment ratio	Males	(%)	1998–2004	55	70
iver primary scribbi	emonitent rado	Females	(%)	1990-2004	47	63
Gross national inco	ome per capita		(PPP Int.\$)	2004	810	2 074
Population living be	elow the poverty line		(% with <\$1a day)	1999-2000	23,0	44
D-4 !!-!	h l + l: l- l -		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

^{...} Data not available or not applicable.

^a WORLD HEALTH STATISTICS 2006 http://www.who.int/whosis/en/

HEALTH STATUS STATISTICS MORTALITY a		YEARS	ETHIOPIA	WHO AFRICAN REGION
Life expectancy at birth (years)	Males	2004	49	47
Life expectancy at birth (years)	Females	2004	51	49
Healthy life expectancy (HALE) at birth (years)	Males	2002	41	40
Healthy life expectancy (HALE) at birth (years)	Females	2002	42	42
Probability of dying per 1 000 population between 15 and 60 years (adult	Males	2004	451	519
mortality rate)	Females	2004	389	465
Probability of dying per 1 000 live births under 5 years (under-5 mortality rate)	Both sexes	2004	166	167
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	Both sexes	2004	110	100
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	Both sexes	2000	51	43
Maternal mortality ratio (per 100 000 live births)	Females	2000	850	910
	HIV/AIDS	2003	163	313
Cause-specific mortality rate (per 100 000 population) (Both sexes)	TB among HIV-negative pe	2004	60	53
	TB among HIV-positive pe	2004	19	28
	Non-communicable diseas	2002	859	800
Age-standardized mortality rate by cause (per 100 000 population) (Both	Cardio-vascular diseases	2002	435	404
sexes)	Cancer	2002	147	144
	Injuries	2002	104	133
	Communicable diseases	2002	82	59
Years of life lost by broader causes (%) (Both sexes)	Non-communicable diseas	2002	12	10
	Injuries	2002	6	8
	Neonatal causes	2000	30,2	26,2
	HIV/AIDS	2000	3,8	6,8
	Diarrhoeal diseases	2000	17,3	16,6
Causes of death among children under 5 years of age (%) (Both sexes)	Measles	2000	4,2	4,3
Cadoco of acath arrioring official affact of years of age (70) (Dotti sexes)	Malaria	2000	6,1	17,5
	Pneumonia	2000	22,3	21,1
	Injuries	2000	1,7	1,9
	Other	2000	14,3	5,6

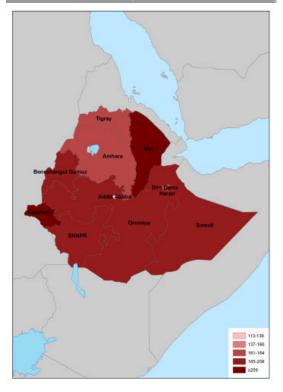
^{...} Data not available or not applicable.

^a WORLD HEALTH STATISTICS 2006 http://www.who.int/whosis/en/

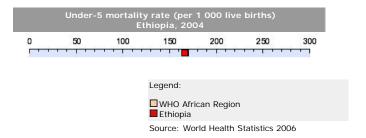


Mortality Country Fact Sheet 2006

Under-5 mortality rates per 1 000 live births by sub-national region Ethiopia, 2000



Summary	Year	Males	Females	Both sexes
Population (millions)	2005	38.5	38.9	77.4
Life expectancy (years)	2004	49	51	50
Under-5 mortality (per 1 000 live births)	2004	175	158	166
Adult mortality (per 1 000)	2004	451	389	
Maternal mortality (per 100 000 live births)	2000		850	



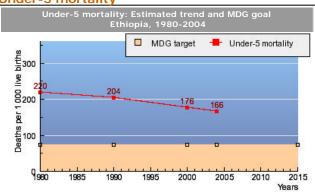
About the map

Note:

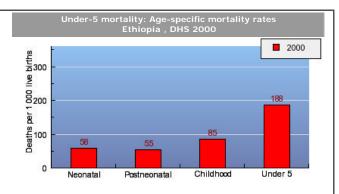
- a. The interval of each of the categories have been derived by taking the difference between the minimum and maximum among the regional rates and dividing it equally into 5. The formula is: (maximum of regional rate minimum of regional rate)/5.
- minimum of regional rate)/5
 b. Rate for 5 years preceding the survey

Source: DHS Ethiopia 2000

Under-5 mortality







Note: rate for 5 years preceding the survey Source: DHS 2000 ,

Under-5 mortality: for highest and lowest quintiles Ethiopia, DHS 2000				
Wealth/assets quintiles	Lowest	Highest	Ratio	
	159	147	1.1	
Sex	Males	Females	Ratio	
	197	178	1.1	
Urban/Rural	Rural	Urban	Ratio	
	193	149	1.3	
Mother's education quintiles	None	Higher	Ratio	
	197	89	2.2	

Note: rate per 1 000 live births for 10-year period preceding the survey Source: DHS 2000



Note: rate for 10-year period preceding the survey

Source: DHS 2000



Mortality Country Fact Sheet 2006

Causes of death in children under-5

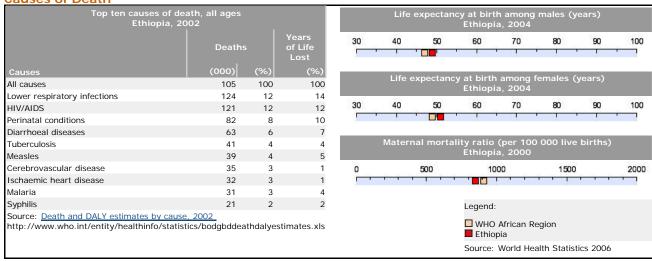
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among child	on of causes of death Iren under 5 years of opia, 2000-2003	
	Deaths ^b	Regional average
Causes	(%)	(%)
Total neonatal deaths	100	100
Neonatal causes ^a	30	26
HIV/AIDS	4	7
Diarrhoeal diseases	17	17
Measles	4	4
Malaria	6	17
Pneumonia	22	21
Injuries	2	2
Others	14	6

- a. Includes diarrhoea during neonatal period
- Sum of individual proportions may not add up to 100% due to rounding.

by c	nated proportions of cause for neonates Ethiopia, 2000	death
	Deaths ^c	Regional average ^c
Causes	(%)	(%)
Total neonatal deaths	100	100
Neonatal tetanus	15	9
Severe infection ^a	33	27
Birth asphyxia	22	24
Diarrhoeal diseases	4	3
Congenital anomalies	4	6
Preterm birth ^b	15	23
Others	6	7

- Includes deaths from pneumonia, meningitis, sepsis/septicaemia and other infections during the neonatal period.
- Includes only deaths directly attributed to prematurity and to specific complications of preterm birth such as surfactant deficiency, but not all deaths in preterm infants.
- Sum of individual proportions may not equal 100% due to rounding.

Causes of Death





HEALTH STATUS STATISTICS MORB	IDITY ^a	YEARS	ETHIOPIA	WHO AFRICAN REGION
HIV prevalence amond adults (15 - 49) (%)	Both sexes	2003	4,4	7,1
TB prevalence (per 100 000 population)	Both sexes	2004	533	518
TB incidence (per 100 000 population)	Both sexes	2004	353	356
Number of comfirmed polio cases	Both sexes	2005	22	854

^{...} Data not available or not applicable.

WORLD HEALTH STATISTICS 2006 http://www.who.int/whosis/en/

BEHAVIOUR AND ENVIRONMENT	'AL RISK FACTORS *	YEARS	ETHIOPIA	WHO AFRICAN REGION
Non-communicable diseases - Infobase for the country	see> http://www.afro.who.int/dnc/info	base/Ethiopia.pdf		
Chilfren under-5 stunted for age (Both sexes) (%)		2000	51,5	•••
Children under-5 underweight for age (Both sexes) (%)		2000	47,2	
Children under-5 overweight for age (Both sexes) (%) Newborns with low birth weight (Both sexes) (%)		2000	1,2	
Newborns with low birth weight (Both sexes) (%)		2000-2002	15	14
Adults (≥15) who are obese (%)	Males	2000		•••
(10)	Females	2000	0,3	
Access to improved water sources (%)	Urban	2002	81	84
7 toose to improved water coarses (70)	Rural	2002	11	45
Access to improved sanitation (%)	Urban	2002	19	58
7.00000 to improved dariitation (70)	Rural	2002	4	28
Population using solid fuels (%)	Urban	2003	78	
1 opulation using solid lucis (70)	Rural	2003	100	
Prevalence of current tobacco use (%) Adolescents (13 - 15)	Both sexes			
	Males	2003	7,3	
Prevalence of current tobacco use (%) Adults (≥15)	Females	2003	0,6	
	Males	2000	30	
Condom use by young people (15 - 24) at higher risk sex (%)	Females	2000	17	

^{...} Data not available or not applicable.

WORLD HEALTH STATISTICS 2006 http://www.who.int/whosis/en/



HEALTH SERVICES	COVERAGE STATISTICS a		YEARS	ETHIOPIA	WHO AFRICAN REGION
	Measles	(%)	2004	71	66
Immunization coverage among 1-year-olds	DTP3	(%)	2004	80	66
	HepB3	(%)	2004		35
Antenatal care coverage	At least 1 visit	(%)	2000	27	
Antenatal care coverage	At least 4 visits	(%)	2000	10	
Births attended by skilled health personnel		(%)	2000	6	
Contraceptive prevalence rate		(%)	2000	8,1	
Children under-5 sleeping under insecticide-treated	d nets	(%)			
Antiretroviral therapy coverage		(%)	Dec 2005	7	17
TB detection rate under DOTS		(%)	2004	36	48
TB detection treatment success DOTS		(%)	2003 cohort	70	72
Children under-5 with ARI symptoms taken to facili	ty	(%)	2000	15,8	
Children under-5 with diarrhoea receiving ORT		(%)	2000	34,9	
Children under-5 with fever who received treatmen	t with any antimalarial	(%)	2000	3,0	
Children 6-59 months who received vitamin A supp	olementation	(%)	2002		
Births by Caesarean section		(%)	2000	1	

^{...} Data not available or not applicable.

^a WORLD HEALTH STATISTICS 2006 http://www.who.int/whosis/en/

HEALTH SYSTEMS STATISTICS *		YEARS	ETHIOPIA	
	Number	2003	1 936	
Physicians	Density	2003	0.03	
	Number	2003	14 893	
Nurses	Density per 1000	2003	0,21	
Midwives	Number	2003	651	
iviluwives	Density per 1000	2003	0,01	
Dentists	Number	2003	93	
Deficie	Density per 1000	2003	0,00	
Pharmacists	Number	2003	1 343	
That made to	Density per 1000	2003	0,02	
Public and environmental health workers	Number	2003	1 347	
	Density per 1000	2003	0,02	
Community Health workers	Number	2003	18 652	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Density per 1000	2003	0,26	
Lab technicians	Number	2003	2 703	
	Density per 1000	2003	0,04	
Other health workers	Number	2003	7 354	
	Density per 1000	2003	0,10	
Health management and support workers	Number	•••	•••	
Total avanaditure on health as 0/ of gross demostic product	Density per 1000	2003		
Total expenditure on health as % of gross domestic product General government expenditure on health as % of total expenditure on healt	h	2003	5,9 58,4	
Private expenditure on health as % of total expenditure on health	II .	2003	41,6	
General government expenditure on health as % of total government expendi	turo	2003	9,6	
External ressources for health as % of total expenditure on health	luie	2003	26,0	
Social security expenditure on health as % of general government expenditure	e on health	2003	0,4	
Out-of-pocket expenditure as % of private expenditure on health	c on nearth	2003	78.7	
Private prepaid plans as % of private expenditure on health		2003	0,5	
Per capita total expenditure on health at average exchange rate (US\$)		2003	5	
Per capita total expenditure on health at international dollar rate		2003	20	
Per capita government expenditure on health at average exchange rate (US\$)	2003	3	
Per capita government expenditure on health at international dollar rate	,	2003	12	
Coverage of vital registration of deaths (%)		2002	<25	
Hospital beds (per 10 000)				
1100pital 2000 (pci 10 000)		•••	•••	

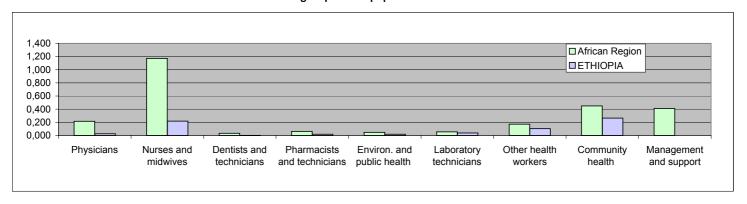
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HUMAN RESOURCES FOR HEALTH Country Fact Sheet Ethiopia

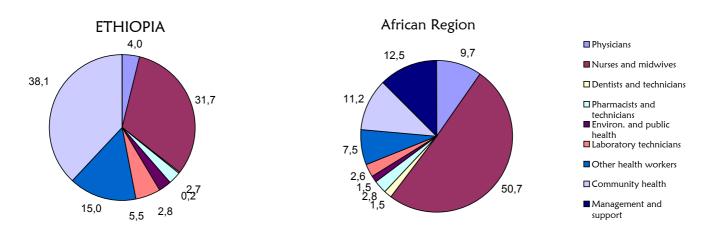
Total numbers and densities of the health workforce in ETHIOPIA (2002)

		Density per 1000	Density per
	Total number ETHIOPIA	ETHIOPIA	1000 AFRO
Physicians	1936	0,027	0,217
Nurses and midwives	15544	0,220	1,172
Dentists and technicians	93	0,001	0,035
Pharmacists and technicians	1343	0,019	0,063
Environmental and public health workers	1347	0,019	0,049
Laboratory technicians	2703	0,038	0,057
Other health workers	7354	0,104	0,173
Community health workers	18652	0,264	0,449
Health management and support	n.a.	n.a.	0,411
Sum total	48972	0,693	2,626

Densities of health workers in ETHIOPIA and in the African Region per 1000 population



Distribution of health workforce by cadre





MILLENIUM DEVELOPMENT GOALS ^a	YEARS	ETHIOPIA	WHO AFRICAN REGION
DAL 1: ERADICATE EXTREME POVERTY AND HUNGER			
4. Prevalence of underweight children under five years of age	2000	47,2	26
5. Proportion of population below minimum level of dietary energy consumption			
DAL 4: REDUCE CHILD MORTALITY			
13. Under-five mortality rate (per 1000 live births, %)	1990	213	
,	2003	169	171
	2004	166	167
14. Infant mortality rate (per 1000 live births, %)	1990	131	
	2003	112	
	2004	110	100
15. Proportion of one-year-old children immunized against measles, %	2003	52	63
16.1 Topolitor of one year old diminori minimum 200 against measures, 70	2004	71	66
DAL 5: IMPROVE MATERNAL HEALTH	2004	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	00
16.Maternal mortality ratio (per 100 000 live births)	1990	1400	
10. Material mortality ratio (per 100 000 live births)	1995	1800	•••
	2000	850	990
	2003		
	2003	•••	•••
47 Departure of higher attended by skilled bookly regerned			40
17. Proportion of births attended by skilled health personnel	2000	6	43
DAL 6: COMBAT HIV/AIDS, MALARIA AND OTHER DISEASES			
18. HIV prevalence among pregnant women aged 15-24			:
- HIV prevalence among adults (15-49) %, both sexes	2003	4,4	7,1
19. Condom use rate of the contraceptive prevalence rate	_:::_	<u></u>	
- Contraceptive prevalence rate	2000	8,1	
20. Number of children orphaned by HIV/AIDS			
21. Prevalence rate associated with malaria			
- Death rates associated with malaria (per 100 000)	2000	80	
22. Proportion of population in malaria-risk areas using effective malaria prevention and trreatment			
measures	•••	•••	•••
23. Prevalence rate associated with tuberculosis (per 100 000)	1990	256	317
	2000	440	
	2004	533	518
- Death rates associated with tuberculosis	1990	32	41
200.1.000000000000000000000000000000000	2000	52	
	2004	79	81
24. Proportion of tuberculosis cases detected under DOTS	2003	36	50
24. Troportion of taborotions stated actioned and Borro	2004	36	48
- Proportion of tuberculosis cases cured under DOTS	2004	76	73
- 1 reportion of tuberculosis cases cured under DOTO	2002	70 70	
DAL 7: ENSURE ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY	2003	70	72
	2002	>05	76
29. Proportion of population using solid fuels		>95	76
30. Proportion of population with sustainable access to improved water source, urban	2002	81	84
- Proportion of population with sustainable access to improved water source, rural	2002	11	45
31. Proportion of urban population with access to improved sanitation	2002	19	58
- Proportion of rural population with access to improved sanitation	2002	4	28
DAL 8: DEVELOP A GLOBAL PARTNERSHIP FOR DEVELOPMENT			
46. Proportion of population with access to affordable essential drugs on a sustainable basis			

^{...} Data not available or not applicable.

^a THE WORLD HEALTH REPORT 2004 UPDATED WITH THE WORLD HEALTH STATISTICS 2006 http://www.who.int/whosis/en/



