

# KENYA Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS) Fact Sheet(Ages 13-15)





The Kenya GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, environmental tobacco smoke exposure (ETS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components Kenya could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program. The Kenya GYTS was a school-based survey of students in standard 7, standard 8, form 1 and form 2 conducted in 2007.

A two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for Kenya. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 100.0%, the student response rate was 89.4%, and the overall response rate was 89.4%. A total of 6,768 students aged 13-15 participated in the Kenya GYTS.

#### **Prevalence**

21.2% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Boy = 29.5%, Girl = 13.5%)

15.1% currently use any tobacco product (Boy = 14.9%, Girl = 14.5%)

8.2% currently smoke cigarettes (Boy = 11.2%, Girl = 5.2%)

10.1% currently use other tobacco products (Boy = 8.2%, Girl = 11.4%)

19.5% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

## **Access and Availability - Current Smokers**

36.6% usually smoke at home

17.9% buy cigarettes in a store

67.2% who bought cigarettes in a store were NOT refused purchase because of their age

### **Environmental Tobacco Smoke**

24.7% live in homes where others smoke in their presence

48.2% are around others who smoke in places outside their home

52.0% think smoking should be banned from public places

68.3% think smoke from others is harmful to them

18.1% have one or more parents who smoke

5.5% have most or all friends who smoke

# **Knowledge and Attitudes**

29.1% think boys and 18.7% think girls who smoke have more friends 13.0% think boys and 10.7% think girls who smoke look more attractive

### **Cessation - Current Smokers**

85.3% want to stop smoking

75.9% tried to stop smoking during the past year

86.9% have ever received help to stop smoking

## **Media and Advertising**

82.5% saw anti-smoking media messages, in the past 30 days

82.2% saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, in the past 30 days

69.0% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines, in the past 30 days

17.6% have an object with a cigarette brand logo

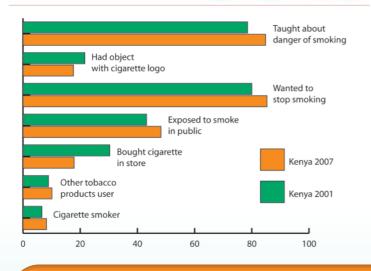
11.3% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

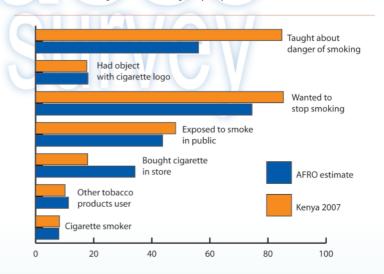
#### School

84.8% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking 68.5% had discussed in class, during the past year,

reasons why people their age smoke

86.5% had been taught in class, during the past year, the effects of tobacco use





## **HIGHLIGHTS**

- 15.1% of students currently use any form of tobacco; 8.2% currently smoke cigarettes; One in 10 currently use some other form of tobacco.
- ETS exposure is high Nearly one-quarter of the students live in homes where others smoke, while nearly half of the students are around others who smoke in places outside of their home; Almost 2 in 10 students have one or more parents who smoke.
- More than two-thirds of the students think smoke from others is harmful
  to them.
- Over half the students think smoking should be banned from public places.
- More than 8 in 10 students who are currently smoking indicated that they want to stop smoking now; Over three-quarters of the students currently smoking tried to stop during the past year.
- More than 8 in 10 students saw anti-smoking messages while 8 in 10 saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, and over half of the students saw pro-cigarettes ads in newspapers & magazines.