GUINEA Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS) Fact Sheet (Ages 13-15)





The Guinea GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, exposure to secondhand smoke (SHS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components Guinea could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Guinea GYTS was a school-based survey of students in grades 7th, 8th, 9th, and 10th conducted in 2008.

A two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for Guinea. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 78.0%, the class response rate was 100.0%, the student response rate was 84.3%, and the overall response rate was 65.8%. A total of 1,305 students aged 13-15 participated in the Guinea GYTS.

Prevalence

13.3% of students had ever smoked cigarettes

(Male = 19.1%, Female = 6.4%)

26.1% currently use any tobacco product (Male = 30.8%, Female = 20.0%)

7.1% currently smoke cigarettes (Male = 11.6%, Female = 1.6%)

21.6% currently use other tobacco products

(Male = 23.4%, Female = 18.9%)

16.5% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

Knowledge and Attitudes

36.3% think boys and 34.1% think girls who smoke have more friends 35.2% think boys and 35.1% think girls who smoke look more attractive

Access and Availability - Current Smokers

24.6% usually smoke at home

39.4% buy cigarettes in a store

Cessation - Current Smokers

85.5% want to stop smoking

80.4% tried to stop smoking during the past year

HIGHLIGHTS

- 26.1% of students currently use any form of tobacco; 7.1% currently smoke cigarettes; 21.6% currently use some other form of tobacco.
- SHS exposure is low Slightly more than one-quarter of the students live in homes where others smoke, and just over half of the students are exposed to smoke around others outside of the home; Nearly 20% of the students have at least one parent who smokes.
- Nearly two in five students think smoke from others is harmful to them.
- Seven in 10 students think smoking in public places should be banned.
- 85.5% of the current smokers want to stop smoking.
- More than one-quarter of the students have an object with a cigarette brand logo on it.
- Seven in 10 students saw anti-smoking media messages in the past 30 days; Seven in 10 students saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards and 64.6% saw pro-tobacco ads in newspapers or magazines in the past 30 days.

Media and Advertising

70.9% saw anti-smoking media messages, in the past 30 days

68.3% saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, in the past 30 days

64.6% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines, in the past 30 days

28.6% have an object with a cigarette brand logo

23.5% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

Exposure to Secondhand Smoke (SHS)

27.7% live in homes where others smoke in their presence

52.3% are around others who smoke in places outside their home

71.6% think smoking should be banned from public places

36.4% think smoke from others is harmful to them

19.3% have one or more parents who smoke

3.8% have most or all friends who smoke

School

53.7% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking

35.3% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke

55.4% had been taught in class, during the past year, the effects of tobacco use

