

EQUATORIAL GUINEA-NATIONAL Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS) Fact Sheet (Ages 13-15)

The Equatorial Guinea GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, exposure to secondhand smoke (SHS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components Equatorial Guinea could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program. The Equatorial Guinea GYTS was a school-based survey of students in Primary 5, Primary 6, Secondary 1, and Secondary 2 conducted in 2008.

A two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for Equatorial Guinea. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 98.0%, the class response rate was 100%, the student response rate was 76.6% and the overall response rate was 75.1%. A total of 1,345 students aged 13-15 participated in the Equatorial Guinea GYTS.

Prevalence

- 15.9% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Boys = 20.5%, Girls = 10.5%)
- 22.1% currently use any tobacco product (Boys = 25.1%, Girls = 17.3%)
- 7.0% currently smoke cigarettes (Boys = 9.9%, Girls = 3.4%)
- 17.8% currently use other tobacco products (Boys = 19.5%, Girls = 14.8%)
- 16.1% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

Media and Advertising

- 81.0% saw anti-smoking media messages, in the past 30 days
- 62.4% saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, in the past 30 days
- 57.6% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines, in the past 30 days
- 10.6% have an object with a cigarette brand logo
- 7.0% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

Exposure to Secondhand Smoke (SHS)

- 47.5% live in homes where others smoke in their presence
- 61.7% are around others who smoke in places outside their home
- 85.0% think smoking should be banned from public places
- 56.0% think smoke from others is harmful to them
- 18.8% have one or more parents who smoke
- 2.5% have most or all friends who smoke

Cessation - Current Smokers

84.0% have ever received help to stop smoking

Knowledge and Attitudes

- 40.0% think boys and 22.2% think girls who smoke have more friends
- 22.8% think boys and 25.4% think girls who smoke look more attractive

Access and Availability - Current Smokers

- 28.1% usually smoke at home
- 20.9% buy cigarettes in a store

School

- 69.7% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking
- 29.2% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke
- 54.5% had been taught in class, during the past year, the effects of tobacco use

HIGHLIGHTS

- Over 2 in 10 students currently use any form of tobacco; 7.0% currently smoke cigarettes; 17.8% currently use some other form of tobacco.
- SHS exposure is high – almost half of students live in homes where others smoke, over 6 in 10 students are around others who smoke in places outside of their home; almost 1 in 5 students have one or more parent who smoke.
- Over 8 in 10 students think smoking should be banned from public places.
- More than 8 in 10 students who are currently smoking have received help to stop smoking.
- 8 in 10 students saw anti-smoking messages; about 6 in 10 saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, and almost 6 in 10 students saw pro-cigarettes ads in newspapers & magazines in the past 30 days.

